#### SENATE BILL 6028

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2020 Regular Session

By Senators Pedersen, Padden, Dhingra, Holy, Kuderer, and Wilson, C.; by request of Uniform Law Commission

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- 1 ΑN ACT Relating to adoption of the uniform electronic 2 transactions act and aligning statutory provisions relating to 3 signatures, declarations, and documents; amending RCW 4.92.100, 5.50.030, 9.38.060, 9A.72.085, 10.79.080, 4 5.50.010, 18.27.114, 23.95.105, 23.95.200, 23.95.265, 23.95.420, 5 18.64.550, 23.95.450, 23B.01.400, 23B.09.040, 23B.09.060, 23B.15.090, 23B.16.010, 6 7 23B.16.200, 25.10.011, 25.15.006, 26.52.030, 41.05.014, 58.09.050, 8 58.09.110, 69.41.041, 69.41.055, and 74.08.055; reenacting and 9 amending RCW 19.09.020, 23B.16.030, and 24.03.005; adding a new chapter to Title 1 RCW; repealing RCW 19.360.010, 19.360.020, 10 19.360.040, 19.360.050, 19.360.060, 11 19.360.030, 19.400.010, 12 19.400.020, and 19.400.030; and providing an expiration date.
- 13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. SHORT TITLE. This chapter may be known and cited as the uniform electronic transactions act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. DEFINITIONS. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 19 (1) "Agreement" means the bargain of the parties in fact, as 20 found in their language or inferred from other circumstances and from

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rules, regulations, and procedures given the effect of agreements under laws otherwise applicable to a particular transaction.

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- (2) "Automated transaction" means a transaction conducted or performed, in whole or in part, by electronic means or electronic records, in which the acts or records of one or both parties are not reviewed by an individual in the ordinary course in forming a contract, performing under an existing contract, or fulfilling an obligation required by the transaction.
- 9 (3) "Computer program" means a set of statements or instructions 10 to be used directly or indirectly in an information processing system 11 in order to bring about a certain result.
  - (4) "Contract" means the total legal obligation resulting from the parties' agreement as affected by this chapter and other applicable law.
- 15 (5) "Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, 16 digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar 17 capabilities.
  - (6) "Electronic agent" means a computer program or an electronic or other automated means used independently to initiate an action or respond to electronic records or performances in whole or in part, without review or action by an individual.
  - (7) "Electronic record" means a record created, generated, sent, communicated, received, or stored by electronic means.
  - (8) "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record.
  - (9) "Governmental agency" means an executive, legislative, or judicial agency, department, board, commission, authority, institution, or instrumentality of the federal government or of a state or of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state.
- 32 (10) "Information" means data, text, images, sounds, codes, 33 computer programs, software, databases, or the like.
  - (11) "Information processing system" means an electronic system for creating, generating, sending, receiving, storing, displaying, or processing information.
- 37 (12) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, 38 estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, 39 joint venture, governmental agency, public corporation, or any other 40 legal or commercial entity.

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1 (13) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible 2 medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is 3 retrievable in perceivable form.

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- (14) "Security procedure" means a procedure employed for the purpose of verifying that an electronic signature, record, or performance is that of a specific person or for detecting changes or errors in the information in an electronic record. The term includes a procedure that requires the use of algorithms or other codes, identifying words or numbers, encryption, or callback or other acknowledgment procedures.
- 11 (15) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of
  12 Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any
  13 territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the
  14 United States. The term includes an Indian tribe or band, or Alaskan
  15 native village, which is recognized by federal law or formally
  16 acknowledged by a state.
- 17 (16) "Transaction" means an action or set of actions occurring 18 between two or more persons relating to the conduct of business, 19 commercial, or governmental affairs.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. SCOPE. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section, this chapter applies to electronic records and electronic signatures relating to a transaction.
- 23 (2) This chapter does not apply to a transaction to the extent it 24 is governed by:
- 25 (a) A law governing the creation and execution of wills, 26 codicils, or testamentary trusts;
- 27 (b) Title 62A RCW other than RCW 62A.1-107 and 62A.1-206 and chapters 62A.2 and 62A.2A RCW; and
  - (c) The uniform computer information transactions act.
- 30 (3) This chapter applies to an electronic record or electronic 31 signature otherwise excluded from the application of this chapter 32 under subsection (2) of this section to the extent it is governed by 33 a law other than those specified in subsection (2) of this section.
- 34 (4) A transaction subject to this chapter is also subject to 35 other applicable substantive law.
- 36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** PROSPECTIVE APPLICATION. This chapter applies to any electronic record or electronic signature created,

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- generated, sent, communicated, received, or stored on or after the effective date of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. USE OF ELECTRONIC RECORDS AND ELECTRONIC
  SIGNATURES—VARIATION BY AGREEMENT. (1) This chapter does not require
  a record or signature to be created, generated, sent, communicated,
  received, stored, or otherwise processed or used by electronic means
  or in electronic form.
- 8 (2) This chapter applies only to transactions between parties 9 each of which has agreed to conduct transactions by electronic means. 10 Whether the parties agree to conduct a transaction by electronic 11 means is determined from the context and surrounding circumstances, 12 including the parties' conduct.
- 13 (3) A party that agrees to conduct a transaction by electronic 14 means may refuse to conduct other transactions by electronic means. 15 The right granted by this subsection may not be waived by agreement.

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- (4) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the effect of any of its provisions may be varied by agreement. The presence in certain provisions of this chapter of the words "unless otherwise agreed," or words of similar import, does not imply that the effect of other provisions may not be varied by agreement.
- 21 (5) Whether an electronic record or electronic signature has 22 legal consequences is determined by this chapter and other applicable 23 law.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. CONSTRUCTION AND APPLICATION. This chapter must be construed and applied:
- 26 (1) To facilitate electronic transactions consistent with other 27 applicable law;
- 28 (2) To be consistent with reasonable practices concerning 29 electronic transactions and with the continued expansion of those 30 practices; and
- 31 (3) To effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law 32 with respect to the subject of this chapter among states enacting it.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. LEGAL RECOGNITION OF ELECTRONIC RECORDS, ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES, AND ELECTRONIC CONTRACTS. (1) A record or signature may not be denied legal effect or enforceability solely because it is in electronic form.

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- 1 (2) A contract may not be denied legal effect or enforceability 2 solely because an electronic record was used in its formation.
- 3 (3) If a law requires a record to be in writing, an electronic 4 record satisfies the law.
- 5 (4) If a law requires a signature, an electronic signature 6 satisfies the law.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. PROVISION OF INFORMATION IN WRITING—PRESENTATION OF RECORDS. (1) If parties have agreed to conduct a transaction by electronic means and a law requires a person to provide, send, or deliver information in writing to another person, the requirement is satisfied if the information is provided, sent, or delivered, as the case may be, in an electronic record capable of retention by the recipient at the time of receipt. An electronic record is not capable of retention by the recipient if the sender or its information processing system inhibits the ability of the recipient to print or store the electronic record.
- (2) If a law other than this chapter requires a record (a) to be posted or displayed in a certain manner, (b) to be sent, communicated, or transmitted by a specified method, or (c) to contain information that is formatted in a certain manner, the following rules apply:
- 22 (i) The record must be posted or displayed in the manner 23 specified in the other law.
  - (ii) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4)(b) of this section, the record must be sent, communicated, or transmitted by the method specified in the other law.
  - (iii) The record must contain the information formatted in the manner specified in the other law.
  - (3) If a sender inhibits the ability of a recipient to store or print an electronic record, the electronic record is not enforceable against the recipient.
  - (4) The requirements of this section may not be varied by agreement, but:
  - (a) To the extent a law other than this chapter requires information to be provided, sent, or delivered in writing but permits that requirement to be varied by agreement, the requirement under subsection (1) of this section that the information be in the form of an electronic record capable of retention may also be varied by agreement; and

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(b) A requirement under a law other than this chapter to send, communicate, or transmit a record by regular United States mail may be varied by agreement to the extent permitted by the other law.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. ATTRIBUTION AND EFFECT OF ELECTRONIC RECORD AND ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE. (1) An electronic record or electronic signature is attributable to a person if it was the act of the person. The act of the person may be shown in any manner, including a showing of the efficacy of any security procedure applied to determine the person to which the electronic record or electronic signature was attributable.
  - (2) The effect of an electronic record or electronic signature attributed to a person under subsection (1) of this section is determined from the context and surrounding circumstances at the time of its creation, execution, or adoption, including the parties' agreement, if any, and otherwise as provided by law.
  - NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. EFFECT OF CHANGE OR ERROR. If a change or error in an electronic record occurs in a transmission between parties to a transaction, the following rules apply:
  - (1) If the parties have agreed to use a security procedure to detect changes or errors and one party has conformed to the procedure, but the other party has not, and the nonconforming party would have detected the change or error had that party also conformed, the conforming party may avoid the effect of the changed or erroneous electronic record.
  - (2) In an automated transaction involving an individual, the individual may avoid the effect of an electronic record that resulted from an error made by the individual in dealing with the electronic agent of another person if the electronic agent did not provide an opportunity for the prevention or correction of the error and, at the time the individual learns of the error, the individual:
  - (a) Promptly notifies the other person of the error and that the individual did not intend to be bound by the electronic record received by the other person;
  - (b) Takes reasonable steps, including steps that conform to the other person's reasonable instructions, to return to the other person or, if instructed by the other person, to destroy the consideration received, if any, as a result of the erroneous electronic record; and

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1 (c) Has not used or received any benefit or value from the consideration, if any, received from the other person.

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- (3) If neither subsection (1) of this section nor subsection (2) of this section applies, the change or error has the effect provided by other law, including the law of mistake, and the parties' contract, if any.
- 7 (4) Subsections (2) and (3) of this section may not be varied by 8 agreement.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** NOTARIZATION AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT. If a law requires a signature or record to be notarized, acknowledged, verified, or made under oath, the requirement is satisfied if the electronic signature of the person authorized to perform those acts, together with all other information required to be included by other applicable law, is attached to or logically associated with the signature or record.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. RETENTION OF ELECTRONIC RECORDS—
  ORIGINALS. (1) If a law requires that a record be retained, the
  requirement is satisfied by retaining an electronic record of the
  information in the record which:
- 20 (a) Accurately reflects the information set forth in the record 21 after it was first generated in its final form as an electronic 22 record or otherwise; and
  - (b) Remains accessible for later reference.
  - (2) A requirement to retain a record in accordance with subsection (1) of this section does not apply to any information the sole purpose of which is to enable the record to be sent, communicated, or received.
  - (3) A person may satisfy subsection (1) of this section by using the services of another person if the requirements of that subsection are satisfied.
  - (4) If a law requires a record to be presented or retained in its original form, or provides consequences if the record is not presented or retained in its original form, that law is satisfied by an electronic record retained in accordance with subsection (1) of this section.
- 36 (5) If a law requires retention of a check, that requirement is 37 satisfied by retention of an electronic record of the information on

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the front and back of the check in accordance with subsection (1) of this section.

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- (6) A record retained as an electronic record in accordance with subsection (1) of this section satisfies a law requiring a person to retain a record for evidentiary, audit, or like purposes, unless a law enacted after the effective date of this section specifically prohibits the use of an electronic record for the specified purpose.
- 8 (7) This section does not preclude a governmental agency of this 9 state from specifying additional requirements for the retention of a 10 record subject to the agency's jurisdiction.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. ADMISSIBILITY IN EVIDENCE. In a proceeding, evidence of a record or signature may not be excluded solely because it is in electronic form.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. AUTOMATED TRANSACTION. In an automated transaction, the following rules apply:
  - (1) A contract may be formed by the interaction of electronic agents of the parties, even if no individual was aware of or reviewed the electronic agents' actions or the resulting terms and agreements.
  - (2) A contract may be formed by the interaction of an electronic agent and an individual, acting on the individual's own behalf or for another person, including by an interaction in which the individual performs actions that the individual is free to refuse to perform and which the individual knows or has reason to know will cause the electronic agent to complete the transaction or performance.
- 25 (3) The terms of the contract are determined by the substantive 26 law applicable to it.
- 27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** TIME AND PLACE OF SENDING AND RECEIPT.
- 28 (1) Unless otherwise agreed between the sender and the recipient, an electronic record is sent when it:
- 30 (a) Is addressed properly or otherwise directed properly to an information processing system that the recipient has designated or uses for the purpose of receiving electronic records or information of the type sent and from which the recipient is able to retrieve the electronic record;
  - (b) Is in a form capable of being processed by that system; and
- 36 (c) Enters an information processing system outside the control 37 of the sender or of a person that sent the electronic record on

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behalf of the sender or enters a region of the information processing system designated or used by the recipient which is under the control of the recipient.

- (2) Unless otherwise agreed between a sender and the recipient, an electronic record is received when:
- (a) It enters an information processing system that the recipient has designated or uses for the purpose of receiving electronic records or information of the type sent and from which the recipient is able to retrieve the electronic record; and
  - (b) It is in a form capable of being processed by that system.
- (3) Subsection (2) of this section applies even if the place the information processing system is located is different from the place the electronic record is deemed to be received under subsection (4) of this section.
- (4) Unless otherwise expressly provided in the electronic record or agreed between the sender and the recipient, an electronic record is deemed to be sent from the sender's place of business and to be received at the recipient's place of business. For purposes of this subsection, the following rules apply:
- (a) If the sender or recipient has more than one place of business, the place of business of that person is the place having the closest relationship to the underlying transaction.
- (b) If the sender or the recipient does not have a place of business, the place of business is the sender's or recipient's residence, as the case may be.
- (5) An electronic record is received under subsection (2) of this section even if no individual is aware of its receipt.
- (6) Receipt of an electronic acknowledgment from an information processing system described in subsection (2) of this section establishes that a record was received but, by itself, does not establish that the content sent corresponds to the content received.
- (7) If a person is aware that an electronic record purportedly sent under subsection (1) of this section, or purportedly received under subsection (2) of this section, was not actually sent or received, the legal effect of the sending or receipt is determined by other applicable law. Except to the extent permitted by the other law, the requirements of this subsection may not be varied by agreement.

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1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 16.** TRANSFERABLE RECORDS. (1) In this 2 section, "transferable record" means an electronic record that:

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- (a) Would be a note under chapter 62A.3 RCW or a document under chapter 62A.7 RCW if the electronic record were in writing; and
- (b) The issuer of the electronic record expressly has agreed is a transferable record.
- (2) A person has control of a transferable record if a system employed for evidencing the transfer of interests in the transferable record reliably establishes that person as the person to which the transferable record was issued or transferred.
- (3) A system satisfies subsection (2) of this section, and a person is deemed to have control of a transferable record, if the transferable record is created, stored, and assigned in such a manner that:
- 15 (a) A single authoritative copy of the transferable record exists 16 which is unique, identifiable, and, except as otherwise provided in 17 (d), (e), and (f) of this subsection, unalterable;
  - (b) The authoritative copy identifies the person asserting control as:
    - (i) The person to which the transferable record was issued; or
- (ii) If the authoritative copy indicates that the transferable record has been transferred, the person to which the transferable record was most recently transferred;
  - (c) The authoritative copy is communicated to and maintained by the person asserting control or its designated custodian;
    - (d) Copies or revisions that add or change an identified assignee of the authoritative copy can be made only with the consent of the person asserting control;
    - (e) Each copy of the authoritative copy and any copy of a copy is readily identifiable as a copy that is not the authoritative copy; and
    - (f) Any revision of the authoritative copy is readily identifiable as authorized or unauthorized.
- (4) Except as otherwise agreed, a person having control of a transferable record is the holder, as defined in RCW 62A.1-201(b)(21), of the transferable record and has the same rights and defenses as a holder of an equivalent record or writing under the uniform commercial code including, if the applicable statutory requirements under RCW 62A.3-302(a), 62A.7-501, or 62A.9A-308 are satisfied, the rights and defenses of a holder in due course, a

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- holder to which a negotiable document of title has been duly negotiated, or a purchaser, respectively. Delivery, possession, and endorsement are not required to obtain or exercise any of the rights under this subsection.
- 5 (5) Except as otherwise agreed, an obligor under a transferable 6 record has the same rights and defenses as an equivalent obligor 7 under equivalent records or writings under the uniform commercial 8 code.
- 9 (6) If requested by a person against which enforcement is sought,
  10 the person seeking to enforce the transferable record shall provide
  11 reasonable proof that the person is in control of the transferable
  12 record. Proof may include access to the authoritative copy of the
  13 transferable record and related business records sufficient to review
  14 the terms of the transferable record and to establish the identity of
  15 the person having control of the transferable record.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. CREATION AND RETENTION OF ELECTRONIC RECORDS AND CONVERSION OF WRITTEN RECORDS BY GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES.

  Each governmental agency of this state shall determine whether, and the extent to which, a governmental agency will create and retain electronic records and convert written records to electronic records.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. ACCEPTANCE AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRONIC RECORDS BY GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES. (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 12(6) of this act, each governmental agency of this state shall determine whether, and the extent to which, a governmental agency will send and accept electronic records and electronic signatures to and from other persons and otherwise create, generate, communicate, store, process, use, and rely upon electronic records and electronic signatures.
- (2) To the extent that a governmental agency uses electronic records and electronic signatures under subsection (1) of this section, the governmental agency, giving due consideration to security, may specify:
- (a) The manner and format in which the electronic records must be created, generated, sent, communicated, received, and stored and the systems established for those purposes;
- 36 (b) If electronic records must be signed by electronic means, the 37 type of electronic signature required, the manner and format in which 38 the electronic signature must be affixed to the electronic record,

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and the identity of, or criteria that must be met by, any third party used by a person filing a document to facilitate the process;

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- 3 (c) Control processes and procedures as appropriate to ensure 4 adequate preservation, disposition, integrity, security, 5 confidentiality, and auditability of electronic records; and
  - (d) Any other required attributes for electronic records which are specified for corresponding nonelectronic records or reasonably necessary under the circumstances.
- 9 (3) Except as otherwise provided in section 12(6) of this act, 10 this chapter does not require a governmental agency of this state to 11 use or permit the use of electronic records or electronic signatures.
- 12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 19.** INTEROPERABILITY. The governmental agency of this state which adopts standards pursuant to section 18 of this 13 act may encourage and promote consistency and interoperability with 14 15 similar requirements adopted by other governmental agencies of this 16 and other states and the federal government and nongovernmental 17 persons interacting with governmental agencies of this state. appropriate, those standards may specify differing levels 18 standards from which governmental agencies of this state may choose 19 20 in implementing the most appropriate standard for a particular 21 application.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. RELATION TO ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT. This chapter modifies, limits, and supersedes the electronic signatures in global and national commerce act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001 et seq., but does not modify, limit, or supersede section 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in section 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7003(b).
  - Sec. 21. RCW 4.92.100 and 2013 c 188 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) All claims against the state, or against the state's officers, employees, or volunteers, acting in such capacity, for damages arising out of tortious conduct, must be presented to the office of risk management. A claim is deemed presented when the claim form is delivered in person or by regular mail, registered mail, or certified mail, with return receipt requested, or as an attachment to ((electronic mail)) email or by fax, to the office of risk

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- 1 management. For claims for damages presented after July 26, 2009, all
- 2 claims for damages must be presented on the standard tort claim form
- 3 that is maintained by the office of risk management. The standard
- $4\,$  tort claim form must be posted on the department of enterprise
- 5 services' web site.

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- 6 (a) The standard tort claim form must, at a minimum, require the following information:
  - (i) The claimant's name, date of birth, and contact information;
- 9 (ii) A description of the conduct and the circumstances that 10 brought about the injury or damage;
  - (iii) A description of the injury or damage;
- 12 (iv) A statement of the time and place that the injury or damage 13 occurred;
- 14 (v) A listing of the names of all persons involved and contact 15 information, if known;
  - (vi) A statement of the amount of damages claimed; and
- 17 (vii) A statement of the actual residence of the claimant at the 18 time of presenting the claim and at the time the claim arose.
  - (b) (i) The standard tort claim form must be signed either:
- 20 (A) By the claimant, verifying the claim;
- 21 (B) Pursuant to a written power of attorney, by the attorney-in-22 fact for the claimant;
- 23 (C) By an attorney admitted to practice in Washington state on 24 the claimant's behalf; or
  - (D) By a court-approved guardian or guardian ad litem on behalf of the claimant.
    - (ii) For the purpose of this subsection (1)(b), when the claim form is presented electronically it must bear an electronic signature in lieu of a written original signature. ((An electronic signature means a facsimile of an original signature that is affixed to the claim form and executed or adopted by the person with the intent to sign the document.))
    - (iii) When an electronic signature is used and the claim is submitted as an attachment to ((electronic mail)) email, the conveyance of that claim must include the date, time the claim was presented, and the internet provider's address from which it was sent. The attached claim form must be a format approved by the office of risk management.
- 39 (iv) When an electronic signature is used and the claim is 40 submitted via a facsimile machine, the conveyance must include the

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date, time the claim was submitted, and the fax number from which it was sent.

- (v) In the event of a question on an electronic signature, the claimant shall have an opportunity to cure and the cured notice shall relate back to the date of the original filing.
- 6 (c) The amount of damages stated on the claim form is not admissible at trial.
  - (2) The state shall make available the standard tort claim form described in this section with instructions on how the form is to be presented and the name, address, and business hours of the office of risk management. The standard tort claim form must not list the claimant's social security number and must not require information not specified under this section. The claim form and the instructions for completing the claim form must provide the United States mail, physical, and electronic addresses and numbers where the claim can be presented.
- 17 (3) With respect to the content of claims under this section and 18 all procedural requirements in this section, this section must be 19 liberally construed so that substantial compliance will be deemed 20 satisfactory.
- 21 **Sec. 22.** RCW 5.50.010 and 2019 c 232 s 1 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

In this chapter:

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- (1) "Law" includes a statute, judicial decision or order, rule of court, executive order, and administrative rule, regulation, or order.
- 27 (2) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible 28 medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is 29 retrievable in perceivable form.
- 30 (3) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a 31 record:
  - (a) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol;
- 33 (b) To attach to or logically associate with the record an 34 electronic symbol, sound, or process;
- 35 (c) To affix or place the declarant's signature as defined in RCW 36 9A.04.110 on the record;
- 37 (d) ((<del>To attach or logically associate the declarant's digital</del> 38 <del>signature or electronic signature as defined in RCW 19.34.020 to the</del> 39 <del>record;</del>

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- (e))) To affix or logically associate the declarant's signature in the manner described in general rule 30 to the record if he or she is a licensed attorney; or
  - ((<del>(f)</del>)) <u>(e)</u> To affix or logically associate the declarant's full name, department or agency, and badge or personnel number to any record that is electronically submitted to a court, a prosecutor, or a magistrate from an electronic device that is owned, issued, or maintained by a criminal justice agency if the declarant is a law enforcement officer.
- 10 (4) "Sworn declaration" means a declaration in a signed record 11 given under oath. The term includes a sworn statement, verification, 12 certificate, and affidavit.
- 13 (5) "Unsworn declaration" means a declaration in a signed record 14 not given under oath but given under penalty of perjury. The term 15 includes an unsworn statement, verification, and certificate.
- 16 **Sec. 23.** RCW 5.50.030 and 2011 c 22 s 4 are each amended to read 17 as follows:
- 18 (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section, if a law of this state requires or permits use of a sworn declaration, an unsworn declaration meeting the requirements of this chapter has the same effect as a sworn declaration.
  - (2) This chapter does not apply to:
  - (a) A deposition;

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- (b) An oath of office;
- 25 (c) An oath required to be given before a specified official other than a notary public;  $\underline{or}$
- 27 (d) A declaration to be recorded pursuant to Title 64 or 65 28 RCW((; or
- (e) An oath required by RCW 11.20.020)).
- 30 **Sec. 24.** RCW 9.38.060 and 2019 c 132 s 1 are each amended to 31 read as follows:
- 32 (1) A person shall not knowingly misrepresent the person's 33 identity or authorization to obtain a public key certificate used to 34 reference a private key for creating a digital signature.
- 35 (2) A person shall not knowingly forge ((a)) an electronic or 36 digital signature.
- 37 (3) A person shall not knowingly present a public key certificate 38 for which the person is not the owner of the corresponding private

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- 1 key in order to obtain unauthorized access to information or engage 2 in an unauthorized transaction.
- 3 (4) A person who violates this section is guilty of a class C 4 felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.
  - (5) (a) "Digital signature" means an electronic signature that is a transformation of a message using an asymmetric cryptosystem such that a person who has the initial message and the signer's public key can accurately determine whether the:
- 9  $((\frac{(a)}{(a)}))$  <u>(i)</u> Transformation was created using the private key that 10 corresponds to the signer's public key; and
- 11  $((\frac{b}{b}))$  <u>(ii)</u> Initial message has been altered since the 12 transformation was made.
- 13 <u>(b) "Electronic signature" has the meaning provided in section 2</u> 14 <u>of this act.</u>
- 15 **Sec. 25.** RCW 9A.72.085 and 2019 c 132 s 2 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
  - (1) Whenever, under any law of this state or under any rule, order, or requirement made under the law of this state, any matter in an official proceeding is required or permitted to be supported, evidenced, established, or proved by a person's sworn written statement, declaration, verification, certificate, oath, or affidavit, the matter may with like force and effect be supported, evidenced, established, or proved in the official proceeding by an unsworn written statement, declaration, verification, or certificate, which:
  - (a) Recites that it is certified or declared by the person to be true under penalty of perjury;
    - (b) Is subscribed by the person;

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- (c) States the date and place of its execution; and
- 30 (d) States that it is so certified or declared under the laws of 31 the state of Washington.
- 32 (2) The certification or declaration may be in substantially the 33 following form:

34	"I certify (or declare) under penalty of perjury under
35	the laws of the State of Washington that the foregoing is
36	true and correct":
37	
38	(Date and Place) (Signature)

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- 1 (3) For purposes of this section, a person subscribes to an unsworn written statement, declaration, verification, or certificate 3 by:
- 4 (a) Affixing or placing his or her signature as defined in RCW 5 9A.04.110 on the document;

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- (b) Attaching or logically associating his or her ((digital signature or)) electronic signature to the document;
- (c) Affixing or logically associating his or her signature in the manner described in general rule 30 to the document if he or she is a licensed attorney; or
- (d) Affixing or logically associating his or her full name, department or agency, and badge or personnel number to any document that is electronically submitted to a court, a prosecutor, or a magistrate from an electronic device that is owned, issued, or maintained by a criminal justice agency if he or she is a law enforcement officer.
- (4) This section does not apply to writings requiring an acknowledgment, depositions, oaths of office, or oaths required to be taken before a special official other than a notary public.
- (((5) "Digital signature" means an electronic signature that is a transformation of a message using an asymmetric cryptosystem such that a person who has the initial message and the signer's public key can accurately determine whether the:
- 24 (a) Transformation was created using the private key that 25 corresponds to the signer's public key; and
- 26 (b) Initial message has been altered since the transformation was made.
- 28 (6) "Electronic signature" has the same meaning as in RCW 29 19.360.030.))
- 30 **Sec. 26.** RCW 10.79.080 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 42 s 3 are each 31 amended to read as follows:
- 32 (1) No person may be subjected to a body cavity search by or at 33 the direction of a law enforcement agency unless a search warrant is 34 issued pursuant to superior court criminal rules.
- 35 (2) No law enforcement officer may seek a warrant for a body 36 cavity search without first obtaining specific authorization for the 37 body cavity search from the ranking shift supervisor of the law 38 enforcement authority. Authorization for the body cavity search may

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be obtained electronically((: PROVIDED, That such electronic authorization shall be reduced to writing by the law enforcement officer seeking the authorization and signed by the ranking supervisor as soon as possible thereafter)).

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- (3) Before any body cavity search is authorized or conducted, a thorough pat-down search, a thorough electronic metal-detector search, and a thorough clothing search, where appropriate, must be used to search for and seize any evidence of a crime, contraband, fruits of crime, things otherwise criminally possessed, weapons, or other things by means of which a crime has been committed or reasonably appears about to be committed. No body cavity search shall be authorized or conducted unless these other methods do not satisfy the safety, security, or evidentiary concerns of the law enforcement agency.
- 15 (4) A law enforcement officer requesting a body cavity search 16 shall prepare and sign a report regarding the body cavity search. The 17 report shall include:
- 18 (a) A copy of the written authorization required under subsection 19 (2) of this section;
- 20 (b) A copy of the warrant and any supporting documents required 21 under subsection (1) of this section;
- 22 (c) The name and sex of all persons conducting or observing the 23 search:
  - (d) The time, date, place, and description of the search; and
- 25 (e) A statement of the results of the search and a list of any 26 items removed from the person as a result of the search.
- The report shall be retained as part of the law enforcement agency's records.
- 29 **Sec. 27.** RCW 18.27.114 and 2007 c 436 s 8 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
  - (1) Any contractor agreeing to perform any contracting project:

    (a) For the repair, alteration, or construction of four or fewer residential units or accessory structures on such residential property when the bid or contract price totals one thousand dollars or more; or (b) for the repair, alteration, or construction of a commercial building when the bid or contract price totals one thousand dollars or more but less than sixty thousand dollars, must provide the customer with the following disclosure statement in substantially the following form using lower case and upper case

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- twelve-point and bold type where appropriate, prior to starting work
  on the project:
- 3 "NOTICE TO CUSTOMER

This contractor is registered with the state of Washington, registration no. . . , and has posted with the state a bond or deposit of . . . . for the purpose of satisfying claims against the contractor for breach of contract including negligent or improper work in the conduct of the contractor's business. The expiration date of this contractor's registration is . . . . . .

## THIS BOND OR DEPOSIT MIGHT NOT BE SUFFICIENT TO COVER A CLAIM THAT MIGHT ARISE FROM THE WORK DONE UNDER YOUR CONTRACT.

This bond or deposit is not for your exclusive use because it covers all work performed by this contractor. The bond or deposit is intended to pay valid claims up to . . . . that you and other customers, suppliers, subcontractors, or taxing authorities may have.

### FOR GREATER PROTECTION YOU MAY WITHHOLD A PERCENTAGE OF YOUR CONTRACT.

You may withhold a contractually defined percentage of your construction contract as retainage for a stated period of time to provide protection to you and help insure that your project will be completed as required by your contract.

### YOUR PROPERTY MAY BE LIENED.

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If a supplier of materials used in your construction project or an employee or subcontractor of your contractor or subcontractors is not paid, your property may be liened to force payment and you could pay twice for the same work.

# FOR ADDITIONAL PROTECTION, YOU MAY REQUEST THE CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE YOU WITH ORIGINAL "LIEN RELEASE" DOCUMENTS FROM EACH SUPPLIER OR SUBCONTRACTOR ON YOUR PROJECT.

- The contractor is required to provide you with further information about lien release documents if you request it. General information is also available from the state Department of Labor and Industries.
- I have received a copy of this disclosure statement.

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2 (Signature of customer)"

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(2) The contractor must retain a signed copy of the disclosure statement in his or her files for a minimum of three years, and produce a ((signed or electronic signature)) copy of the signed disclosure statement to the department upon request.

- (3) A contractor subject to this section shall notify any consumer to whom notice is required under subsection (1) of this section if the contractor's registration has expired or is revoked or suspended by the department prior to completion or other termination of the contract with the consumer.
- 12 (4) No contractor subject to this section may bring or maintain 13 any lien claim under chapter 60.04 RCW based on any contract to which 14 this section applies without alleging and proving that the contractor 15 has provided the customer with a copy of the disclosure statement as 16 required in subsection (1) of this section.
- 17 (5) This section does not apply to contracts authorized under 18 chapter 39.04 RCW or to contractors contracting with other 19 contractors.
- 20 (6) Failure to comply with this section shall constitute an 21 infraction under the provisions of this chapter.
- 22 (7) The department shall produce model disclosure statements, and 23 public service announcements detailing the information needed to 24 assist contractors and contractors' customers to comply under this 25 section. As necessary, the department shall periodically update these 26 education materials.
- 27 **Sec. 28.** RCW 18.64.550 and 2016 c 148 s 2 are each amended to 28 read as follows:
- 29 (1) A chart order must be considered a prescription if it 30 contains:
  - (a) The full name of the patient;
- 32 (b) The date of issuance;
- 33 (c) The name, strength, and dosage form of the drug prescribed;
  - (d) Directions for use; and
- 35 (e) An authorized signature((÷
- 36 (i) For written orders,)). The order must contain the prescribing practitioner's signature or the signature of the practitioner's

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1 authorized agent, including the name of the prescribing 2 practitioner((; or

- (ii) For electronic or digital orders, the order must contain the prescribing practitioner's electronic or digital signature, or the electronic or digital signature of the practitioner's authorized agent, including the name of the prescribing practitioner)).
- (2) A licensed nurse, pharmacist, or physician practicing in a long-term care facility or hospice program may act as the practitioner's agent for purposes of this chapter, without need for a written agency agreement, to document a chart order in the patient's medical record on behalf of the prescribing practitioner pending the prescribing practitioner's signature; or to communicate a prescription to a pharmacy whether telephonically, via facsimile, or electronically. The communication of a prescription to a dispenser by the prescriber's agent has the same force and effect as if communicated directly by the authorized practitioner.
- 17 (3) Nothing in this chapter prevents an authorized credentialed 18 employee of a long-term care facility from transmitting a chart order 19 pursuant to RCW 74.42.230, or transmitting a prescription on behalf 20 of a resident to the extent otherwise authorized by law.
- **Sec. 29.** RCW 19.09.020 and 2011 c 199 s 2 and 2011 c 60 s 9 are 22 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

When used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) A "bona fide officer or employee" of a charitable organization is one (a) whose conduct is subject to direct control by such organization; (b) who does not act in the manner of an independent contractor in his or her relation with the organization; and (c) whose compensation is not computed on funds raised or to be raised.
- (2) "Charitable organization" means any entity that solicits or collects contributions from the general public where the contribution is or is purported to be used to support a charitable purpose, but does not include any commercial fund-raiser, commercial fund-raising entity, commercial coventurer, or any fund-raising counsel, as defined in this section. Churches and their integrated auxiliaries, and political organizations are not charitable organizations, but all are subject to RCW 19.09.100 (15) through (18).
- (3) "Charitable purpose" means any religious, charitable, scientific, testing for public safety, literary, or educational

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purpose or any other purpose that is beneficial to the community, including environmental, humanitarian, patriotic, or civic purposes, the support of national or international amateur sports competition, the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, the advancement of social welfare, or the benefit of law enforcement personnel, firefighters, and other persons who protect public safety. The term "charitable" is used in its generally accepted legal sense and includes relief of the poor, the distressed, or the underprivileged; advancement of religion; advancement of education or science; erecting or maintaining public buildings, monuments, or works; lessening the burdens of government; lessening neighborhood tensions; eliminating prejudice and discrimination; defending human and civil rights secured by law; and combating community deterioration and juvenile delinquency.

(4) "Commercial coventurer" means any individual or corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship, limited liability company, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, or any other legal entity, that:

- (a) Is regularly and primarily engaged in making sales of goods or services for profit directly to the general public;
- (b) Is not otherwise regularly or primarily engaged in making solicitations in this state or otherwise raising funds in this state for one or more charitable organizations;
- (c) Represents to prospective purchasers that, if they purchase a good or service from the commercial coventurer, a portion of the sales price or a sum of money or some other specified thing of value will be donated to a named charitable organization; and
- (d) Does not ask purchasers to make checks or other instruments payable to a named charitable organization or any entity other than the commercial coventurer itself under its regular commercial name.
- (5) "Commercial fund-raiser" or "commercial fund-raising entity" means any entity that for compensation or other consideration directly or indirectly solicits or receives contributions within this state for or on behalf of any charitable organization or charitable purpose, or that is engaged in the business of, or represents to persons in this state as independently engaged in the business of, soliciting or receiving contributions for such purposes. However, a commercial coventurer, fund-raising counsel, or consultant is not a commercial fund-raiser or commercial fund-raising entity.

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(6) "Compensation" means salaries, wages, fees, commissions, or any other remuneration or valuable consideration.

- (7) "Contribution" means the payment, donation, or promise, for consideration or otherwise, of any money or property of any kind or value which contribution is wholly or partly induced by a solicitation. Reference to dollar amounts of "contributions" or "solicitations" in this chapter means in the case of payments or promises to pay for merchandise or rights of any description, the value of the total amount paid or promised to be paid for such merchandise or rights.
- 11 (8) "Cost of solicitation" means and includes all direct and 12 indirect costs, expenditures, debts, obligations, salaries, wages, 13 commissions, fees, or other money or thing of value paid or incurred 14 in making a solicitation.
  - (9) "Entity" means an individual, organization, group, association, partnership, corporation, agency or unit of state government, or any combination thereof.
  - (10) "Fund-raising counsel" or "consultant" means any entity or individual who is retained by a charitable organization, for a fixed fee or rate, that is not computed on a percentage of funds raised, or to be raised, under a written agreement only to plan, advise, consult, or prepare materials for a solicitation of contributions in this state, but who does not manage, conduct, or carry on a fund-raising campaign and who does not solicit contributions or employ, procure, or engage any compensated person to solicit contributions, and who does not at any time have custody or control of contributions. A volunteer, employee, or salaried officer of a charitable organization maintaining a permanent establishment or office in this state is not a fund-raising counsel. An attorney, investment counselor, or banker who advises an individual, corporation, or association to make a charitable contribution is not a fund-raising counsel as a result of the advice.
  - (11) "General public" or "public" means any individual or entity located in Washington state without a membership or other official relationship with a charitable organization before a solicitation by the charitable organization.
  - (12) "Gross revenue" or "annual gross revenue" means, for any accounting period, the total value of revenue, excluding unrealized capital gains, but including noncash contributions of tangible, personal property received by or on behalf of a charitable

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organization from all sources, without subtracting any costs or expenses.

- (13) "Membership" means that for the payment of fees, dues, assessments, etc., an organization provides services and confers a bona fide right, privilege, professional standing, honor, or other direct benefit, in addition to the right to vote, elect officers, or hold office. The term "membership" does not include those persons who are granted a membership upon making a contribution as the result of solicitation.
- (14) "Other employee" of a charitable organization means any person (a) whose conduct is subject to direct control by such organization; (b) who does not act in the manner of any independent contractor in his or her relation with the organization; and (c) who is not engaged in the business of or held out to persons in this state as independently engaged in the business of soliciting contributions for charitable purposes or religious activities.
- (15) "Political organization" means those organizations whose activities are subject to chapter 42.17A RCW or the federal elections campaign act of 1971, as amended.
- (16) "Religious organization" means those entities that are not churches or integrated auxiliaries and includes nondenominational ministries, interdenominational and ecumenical organizations, mission organizations, speakers' organizations, faith-based social agencies, and other entities whose principal purpose is the study, practice, or advancement of religion.
  - (17) "Secretary" means the secretary of state.
- (18) (("Signed" means hand-written, or, if the secretary adopts rules facilitating electronic filing that pertain to this chapter, in the manner prescribed by those rules.)) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:
  - (a) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or
- (b) To attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or process.
- (19)(a) "Solicitation" means any oral or written request for a contribution, including the solicitor's offer or attempt to sell any property, rights, services, or other thing in connection with which:
  - (i) Any appeal is made for any charitable purpose;
- 38 (ii) The name of any charitable organization is used as an 39 inducement for consummating the sale; or

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- 1 (iii) Any statement is made that implies that the whole or any 2 part of the proceeds from the sale will be applied toward any 3 charitable purpose or donated to any charitable organization.
- 4 (b) The solicitation shall be deemed completed when made, whether 5 or not the person making it receives any contribution or makes any 6 sale.
  - (c) "Solicitation" does not include bingo activities, raffles, and amusement games conducted under chapter 9.46 RCW and applicable rules of the Washington state gambling commission.
- 10 (20) "Solicitation report" means the financial information the 11 secretary requires pursuant to RCW 19.09.075 or 19.09.079.
- 12 **Sec. 30.** RCW 23.95.105 and 2019 c 37 s 1401 are each amended to 13 read as follows:
- The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise or as set forth in RCW 23.95.400 or 23.95.600.
  - (1) "Annual report" means the report required by RCW 23.95.255.
- 18 (2) "Business corporation" means a domestic business corporation 19 incorporated under or subject to Title 23B RCW or a foreign business 20 corporation.
- 21 (3) "Commercial registered agent" means a person listed under RCW 23.95.420.
- 23 (4) "Domestic," with respect to an entity, means governed as to 24 its internal affairs by the law of this state.
  - (5) "Electronic transmission" means an electronic communication:
- 26 (a) Not directly involving the physical transfer of a record in a 27 tangible medium; and
- 28 (b) That may be retained, retrieved, and reviewed by the sender 29 and the recipient thereof, and that may be directly reproduced in a 30 tangible medium by such a sender and recipient.
  - (6) "Entity" means:

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- 32 (a) A business corporation;
  - (b) A nonprofit corporation;
- 34 (c) A limited liability partnership;
- 35 (d) A limited partnership;
- 36 (e) A limited liability company;
- 37 (f) A general cooperative association; or
- 38 (g) A limited cooperative association.

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- 1 (7) "Entity filing" means a record delivered to the secretary of state for filing pursuant to this chapter.
  - (8) "Execute," "executes," or "executed" means with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:
  - (a) ((Signed with respect to a written record)) To sign or adopt a tangible symbol;
  - (b) ((Electronically transmitted along with sufficient information to determine the sender's identity with respect to an electronic transmission)) To attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or process; or
  - (c) With respect to a record to be filed with the secretary of state, in compliance with the standards for filing with the office of the secretary of state as prescribed by the secretary of state.
- 14 (9) "Filed record" means a record filed by the secretary of state 15 pursuant to this chapter.
- 16 (10) "Foreign," with respect to an entity, means governed as to 17 its internal affairs by the law of a jurisdiction other than this 18 state.
  - (11) "General cooperative association" means a domestic general cooperative association formed under or subject to chapter 23.86 RCW.
    - (12) "Governor" means:

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- (a) A director of a business corporation;
- (b) A director of a nonprofit corporation;
- (c) A partner of a limited liability partnership;
- (d) A general partner of a limited partnership;
- 26 (e) A manager of a manager-managed limited liability company;
- 27 (f) A member of a member-managed limited liability company;
- 28 (g) A director of a general cooperative association;
- 29 (h) A director of a limited cooperative association; or
- (i) Any other person under whose authority the powers of an entity are exercised and under whose direction the activities and affairs of the entity are managed pursuant to the organic law and organic rules of the entity.
  - (13) "Interest" means:
  - (a) A share in a business corporation;
    - (b) A membership in a nonprofit corporation;
- 37 (c) A share in a nonprofit corporation formed under chapter 24.06 38 RCW;
  - (d) A partnership interest in a limited liability partnership;
- 40 (e) A partnership interest in a limited partnership;

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- 1 (f) A limited liability company interest;
- 2 (g) A share or membership in a general cooperative association;
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- 4 (h) A member's interest in a limited cooperative association.
- 5 (14) "Interest holder" means:
- 6 (a) A shareholder of a business corporation;
  - (b) A member of a nonprofit corporation;
- 8 (c) A shareholder of a nonprofit corporation formed under chapter 9 24.06 RCW;
  - (d) A partner of a limited liability partnership;
  - (e) A general partner of a limited partnership;
- 12 (f) A limited partner of a limited partnership;
- 13 (g) A member of a limited liability company;
- 14 (h) A shareholder or member of a general cooperative association; 15 or
- 16 (i) A member of a limited cooperative association.
- 17 (15) "Jurisdiction," when used to refer to a political entity, 18 means the United States, a state, a foreign country, or a political 19 subdivision of a foreign country.
- 20 (16) "Jurisdiction of formation" means the jurisdiction whose law includes the organic law of an entity.
- 22 (17) "Limited cooperative association" means a domestic limited 23 cooperative association formed under or subject to chapter 23.100 RCW 24 or a foreign limited cooperative association.
  - (18) "Limited liability company" means a domestic limited liability company formed under or subject to chapter 25.15 RCW or a foreign limited liability company.
- 28 (19) "Limited liability limited partnership" means a domestic 29 limited liability limited partnership formed under or subject to 30 chapter 25.10 RCW or a foreign limited liability limited partnership.
- 31 (20) "Limited liability partnership" means a domestic limited 32 liability partnership registered under or subject to chapter 25.05 33 RCW or a foreign limited liability partnership.
- 34 (21) "Limited partnership" means a domestic limited partnership 35 formed under or subject to chapter 25.10 RCW or a foreign limited 36 partnership. "Limited partnership" includes a limited liability 37 limited partnership.
- 38 (22) "Noncommercial registered agent" means a person that is not 39 a commercial registered agent and is:

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1 (a) An individual or domestic or foreign entity that serves in 2 this state as the registered agent of an entity;

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- (b) An individual who holds the office or other position in an entity which is designated as the registered agent pursuant to RCW 23.95.415(1)(b)(ii); or
- 6 (c) A government, governmental subdivision, agency, or 7 instrumentality, or a separate legal entity comprised of two or more 8 of these entities, that serves as the registered agent of an entity.
- 9 (23) "Nonprofit corporation" means a domestic nonprofit 10 corporation incorporated under or subject to chapter 24.03 or 24.06 11 RCW or a foreign nonprofit corporation.
  - (24) "Nonregistered foreign entity" means a foreign entity that is not registered to do business in this state pursuant to a statement of registration filed by the secretary of state.
- 15 (25) "Organic law" means the law of an entity's jurisdiction of formation governing the internal affairs of the entity.
- 17 (26) "Organic rules" means the public organic record and private 18 organic rules of an entity.
  - (27) "Person" means an individual, business corporation, nonprofit corporation, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, general cooperative association, limited cooperative association, unincorporated nonprofit association, statutory trust, business trust, common-law business trust, estate, trust, association, joint venture, public corporation, government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
  - (28) "Principal office" means the principal executive office of an entity, whether or not the office is located in this state.
  - (29) "Private organic rules" means the rules, whether or not in a record, that govern the internal affairs of an entity, are binding on all its interest holders, and are not part of its public organic record, if any. "Private organic rules" includes:
  - (a) The bylaws of a business corporation and any agreement among shareholders pursuant to RCW 23B.07.320;
    - (b) The bylaws of a nonprofit corporation;
    - (c) The partnership agreement of a limited liability partnership;
    - (d) The partnership agreement of a limited partnership;
    - (e) The limited liability company agreement;
      - (f) The bylaws of a general cooperative association; and
- 40 (g) The bylaws of a limited cooperative association.

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- 1 (30) "Proceeding" means civil suit and criminal, administrative, 2 and investigatory action.
  - (31) "Property" means all property, whether real, personal, or mixed or tangible or intangible, or any right or interest therein.
  - (32) "Public organic record" means the record the filing of which by the secretary of state is required to form an entity and any amendment to or restatement of that record. The term includes:
    - (a) The articles of incorporation of a business corporation;
    - (b) The articles of incorporation of a nonprofit corporation;
- 10 (c) The certificate of limited partnership of a limited 11 partnership;
  - (d) The certificate of formation of a limited liability company;
- 13 (e) The articles of incorporation of a general cooperative 14 association;
- 15 (f) The articles of organization of a limited cooperative 16 association; and
- 17 (g) The document under the laws of another jurisdiction that is 18 equivalent to a document listed in this subsection.
- 19 (33) "Receipt," as used in this chapter, means actual receipt.
  20 "Receive" has a corresponding meaning.
  - (34) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or ((contained in an electronic transmission)) that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
  - (35) "Registered agent" means an agent of an entity which is authorized to receive service of any process, notice, or demand required or permitted by law to be served on the entity. The term includes a commercial registered agent and a noncommercial registered agent.
  - (36) "Registered foreign entity" means a foreign entity that is registered to do business in this state pursuant to a certificate of registration filed by the secretary of state.
  - (37) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
- 37 (38) "Tangible medium" means a writing, copy of a writing, 38 facsimile, or a physical reproduction, each on paper or on other 39 tangible material.
- 40 (39) "Transfer" includes:

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- 1 (a) An assignment;
- 2 (b) A conveyance;
- 3 (c) A sale;

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- 4 (d) A lease;
- 5 (e) An encumbrance, including a mortgage or security interest;
- 6 (f) A change of record owner of interest;
- 7 (g) A gift; and
- 8 (h) A transfer by operation of law.
- 9  $((\frac{(39)}{(39)}))$  <u>(40)</u> "Type of entity" means a generic form of entity:
- 10 (a) Recognized at common law; or
- 11 (b) Formed under an organic law, whether or not some entities 12 formed under that law are subject to provisions of that law that 13 create different categories of the form of entity.
- 14 ((<del>(40)</del> "Writing" does not include an electronic transmission.
- 15 (41) "Written" means embodied in a tangible medium.))
- 16 **Sec. 31.** RCW 23.95.200 and 2015 c 176 s 1201 are each amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) To be filed by the secretary of state pursuant to this 19 chapter, an entity filing must be received by the secretary of state, 20 comply with this chapter, and satisfy the following:
- 21 (a) The entity filing must be required or permitted by Title 23, 22 23B, 24, or 25 RCW.
- 23 (b) The entity filing must be delivered in (( $\frac{\text{written form}}{\text{most}}$ )) a tangible medium unless and to the extent the secretary of state permits electronic delivery of entity filings pursuant to RCW 23.95.115(2).
  - (c) The words in the entity filing must be in English, and numbers must be in Arabic or Roman numerals, but the name of the entity need not be in English if written in English letters or Arabic or Roman numerals.
- 31 (d) The entity filing must be executed by or on behalf of a 32 person authorized or required under this chapter or the entity's 33 organic law to execute the filing.
- 34 (e) The entity filing must state the name and capacity, if any, 35 of each individual who executed it, on behalf of either the 36 individual or the person authorized or required to execute the 37 filing, but need not contain a seal, attestation, acknowledgment, or 38 verification.

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(2) When an entity filing is delivered to the secretary of state for filing, any fee required under this chapter and any fee, interest, or penalty required to be paid under this chapter or law other than this chapter must be paid in a manner permitted by the secretary of state or by that law.

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- (3) The secretary of state may require that an entity filing delivered in ((written form)) a tangible medium be accompanied by an identical or conformed copy.
- 9 (4) A record filed under this chapter may be executed by an 10 individual acting in a valid representative capacity.
- 11 **Sec. 32.** RCW 23.95.265 and 2015 c 176 s 1214 are each amended to read as follows:

13 The secretary of state may, where exigent or mitigating circumstances are presented, waive penalty fees due from any entity 14 15 previously in good standing which would otherwise be penalized or 16 lose its active status. An entity desiring to seek relief under this 17 section must, within fifteen days of discovery of the missed filing or lapse, notify the secretary of state ((in writing)) as provided in 18 rule. The notification must include the name and mailing address of 19 20 entity, the governor or other entity official to correspondence should be sent, and a statement under oath by a 21 governor or other entity official, setting forth the nature of the 22 missed filing or lapse, the circumstances giving rise to the missed 23 24 filing or lapse, and the relief sought. If the secretary of state is 25 satisfied that sufficient exigent or mitigating circumstances exist, that the entity has demonstrated good faith and a reasonable attempt 26 27 to comply with the applicable statutes of this state, the secretary of state may issue an order allowing relief from the penalty. If the 28 secretary of state determines the request does not comply with the 29 30 requirements for relief, the secretary of state shall deny the relief 31 and state the reasons for the denial. Any denial of relief by the secretary of state is not reviewable notwithstanding the provisions 32 of chapter 34.05 RCW. 33

- 34 **Sec. 33.** RCW 23.95.420 and 2015 c 176 s 1405 are each amended to read as follows:
- 36 (1) A person may become listed as a commercial registered agent 37 by delivering to the secretary of state for filing a commercial-

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1 registered-agent listing statement executed by the person which 2 states:

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- (a) The name of the individual or the name of the entity, type of entity, and jurisdiction of formation of the entity;
- (b) That the person is in the business of serving as a commercial registered agent in this state; and
- (c) The address of a place of business of the person in this state to which service of process, notices, and demands being served on or sent to entities represented by the person may be delivered.
- (2) A commercial-registered-agent listing statement may include the information regarding acceptance by the agent of service of process, notices, and demands in a form other than a ((written record)) tangible medium as provided in RCW 23.95.450(5).
- (3) If the name of a person delivering to the secretary of state for filing a commercial-registered-agent listing statement is not distinguishable on the records of the secretary of state from the name of another commercial registered agent listed under this section, the person shall adopt a fictitious name that is distinguishable and use that name in its statement and when it does business in this state as a commercial registered agent.
- (4) The secretary of state shall note the filing of a commercial-registered-agent listing statement in the records maintained by the secretary of state for each entity represented by the agent at the time of the filing. The statement has the effect of amending the registered agent filing for each of those entities to:
- (a) Designate the person becoming listed as a commercial registered agent as the commercial registered agent of each of those entities; and
- 29 (b) Delete the name and address of the former agent from the 30 registered agent filing of each of those entities.
- 31 **Sec. 34.** RCW 23.95.450 and 2015 c 176 s 1411 are each amended to read as follows:
- 33 (1) A represented entity may be served with any process, notice, 34 or demand required or permitted by law by serving its registered 35 agent.
- 36 (2) If a represented entity ceases to have a registered agent, or 37 if its registered agent cannot with reasonable diligence be served, 38 the entity may be served by registered or certified mail, return 39 receipt requested, or by similar commercial delivery service,

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- addressed to the entity at the entity's principal office. The address of the principal office must be as shown in the entity's most recent annual report filed by the secretary of state. Service is effected under this subsection on the earliest of:
  - (a) The date the entity receives the mail or delivery by the commercial delivery service;

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- (b) The date shown on the return receipt, if executed by the entity; or
- (c) Five days after its deposit with the United States postal service or commercial delivery service, if correctly addressed and with sufficient postage or payment.
  - (3) If process, notice, or demand cannot be served on an entity pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) of this section, service may be made by handing a copy to the individual in charge of any regular place of business or activity of the entity if the individual served is not a plaintiff in the action.
  - (4) The secretary of state shall be an agent of the entity for service of process if process, notice, or demand cannot be served on an entity pursuant to subsection (1), (2), or (3) of this section.
- (5) Service of process, notice, or demand on a registered agent must be in a ((written record)) tangible medium, but service may be made on a commercial registered agent in other forms, and subject to such requirements, as the agent has stated in its listing under RCW 23.95.420 that it will accept.
- 25 (6) Service of process, notice, or demand may be made by other 26 means under law other than this chapter.
- 27 **Sec. 35.** RCW 23B.01.400 and 2019 c 141 s 5 are each amended to 28 read as follows:
- Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this title.
- 31 (1) "Articles of incorporation" include amended and restated 32 articles of incorporation and articles of merger.
- 33 (2) "Authorized shares" means the shares of all classes a 34 domestic or foreign corporation is authorized to issue.
  - (3) "Conspicuous" means so prepared that a reasonable person against whom the record is to operate should have noticed it. For example, printing in italics or boldface or contrasting color, or typing in capitals or underlined, is conspicuous.

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(4) "Controlling interest" means ownership of an entity's outstanding shares or interests in such number as to entitle the holder at the time to elect a majority of the entity's directors or other governors without regard to voting power which may thereafter exist upon a default, failure, or other contingency.

- (5) "Corporate action" means any resolution, act, policy, contract, transaction, plan, adoption or amendment of articles of incorporation or bylaws, or other matter approved by or submitted for approval to a corporation's incorporators, board of directors or a committee thereof, or shareholders.
- (6) "Corporation" or "domestic corporation" means a corporation for profit, including a social purpose corporation, which is not a foreign corporation, incorporated under or subject to the provisions of this title.
- (7) "Deliver" includes (a) mailing, (b) for purposes of delivering a demand, consent, notice, or waiver to the corporation or one of its officers, directors, or shareholders, transmission by facsimile equipment, and (c) for purposes of delivering a demand, consent, notice, or waiver to the corporation or one of its officers, directors, or shareholders under RCW 23B.01.410 or chapter 23B.07, 23B.08, 23B.11, 23B.13, 23B.14, or 23B.16 RCW delivery by electronic transmission.
- (8) "Distribution" means a direct or indirect transfer of money or other property, except its own shares, or incurrence of indebtedness by a corporation to or for the benefit of its shareholders in respect to any of its shares. A distribution may be in the form of a declaration or payment of a dividend; a distribution in partial or complete liquidation, or upon voluntary or involuntary dissolution; a purchase, redemption, or other acquisition of shares; a distribution of indebtedness; or otherwise.
- 31 (9) "Effective date of notice" has the meaning provided in RCW 32 23B.01.410.
  - (10) "Electronic transmission" means an electronic communication (a) not directly involving the physical transfer of a record in a tangible medium and (b) that may be retained, retrieved, and reviewed by the sender and the recipient thereof, and that may be directly reproduced in a tangible medium by such a sender and recipient.
- 38 (11) "Electronically transmitted" means the initiation of an 39 electronic transmission.

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1 (12) "Employee" includes an officer but not a director. A 2 director may accept duties that make the director also an employee.

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- (13) "Entity" includes a corporation and foreign corporation, not-for-profit corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, two or more persons having a joint or common economic interest, the state, United States, and a foreign governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
- 9 (14) "Execute," "executes," or "executed" means <u>with present</u>
  10 <u>intent to authenticate or adopt a record:</u>
  - (a) ((signed with respect to a written record or)) To sign or adopt a tangible symbol;
  - (b) ((electronically transmitted along with sufficient information to determine the sender's identity with respect to an electronic transmission,)) To attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or process; or
  - (c)  $\underline{W}$ ith respect to a record to be filed with the secretary of state, in compliance with the standards for filing with the office of the secretary of state as prescribed by the secretary of state.
  - (15) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation for profit incorporated under a law other than the law of this state.
  - (16) "Foreign limited partnership" means a partnership formed under laws other than of this state and having as partners one or more general partners and one or more limited partners.
  - (17) "General social purpose" means the general social purpose for which a social purpose corporation is organized as set forth in the articles of incorporation of the corporation in accordance with RCW 23B.25.040(1)(c).
- 29 (18) "Governmental subdivision" includes authority, county, 30 district, and municipality.
  - (19) "Governor" has the meaning given that term in RCW 23.95.105.
  - (20) "Includes" denotes a partial definition.
- 33 (21) "Individual" includes the estate of an incompetent or 34 deceased individual.
- 35 (22) "Limited partnership" or "domestic limited partnership"
  36 means a partnership formed by two or more persons under the laws of
  37 this state and having one or more general partners and one or more
  38 limited partners.
  - (23) "Means" denotes an exhaustive definition.
  - (24) "Notice" has the meaning provided in RCW 23B.01.410.

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- 1 (25) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, 2 estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, 3 joint venture, government, governmental subdivision, agency, or 4 instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
  - (26) "Principal office" means the office, in or out of this state, so designated in the annual report where the principal executive offices of a domestic or foreign corporation are located.

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- (27) "Proceeding" includes civil suit and criminal, administrative, and investigatory action.
- (28) "Public company" means a corporation that has a class of shares registered with the federal securities and exchange commission pursuant to section 12 or 15 of the securities exchange act of 1934, or section 8 of the investment company act of 1940, or any successor statute.
- (29) "Qualified director" means (a) with respect to a director's conflicting interest transaction as defined in RCW 23B.08.700, any director who does not have either (i) a conflicting interest respecting the transaction, or (ii) a familial, financial, professional, or employment relationship with a second director who does have a conflicting interest respecting the transaction, which relationship would, in the circumstances, reasonably be expected to exert an influence on the first director's judgment when voting on the transaction; (b) with respect to RCW 23B.08.735, a qualified director under (a) of this subsection if the business opportunity were a director's conflicting interest transaction; and (c) with respect to RCW 23B.02.020(5)(k), a director who is not a director (i) to whom the limitation or elimination of the duty of an officer to offer potential business opportunities to the corporation would apply, or (ii) who has a familial, financial, professional, or employment relationship with another officer to whom the limitation elimination would apply, which relationship would, in circumstances, reasonably be expected to exert an influence on the director's judgment when voting on the limitation or elimination.
- (30) "Record" means information <u>that is</u> inscribed on a tangible medium or ((contained in an electronic transmission)) <u>that is stored</u> in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
- (31) "Record date" means the date established under chapter 23B.07 RCW on which a corporation determines the identity of its shareholders and their shareholdings for purposes of this title. The

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determinations shall be made as of the close of business on the record date unless another time for doing so is specified when the record date is fixed.

(32) "Registered office" means the address of the corporation's registered agent.

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- (33) "Secretary" means the corporate officer to whom the board of directors has delegated responsibility under RCW 23B.08.400(3) for custody of the minutes of the meetings of the board of directors and of the shareholders and for authenticating records of the corporation.
- 11 (34) "Shareholder" means the person in whose name shares are 12 registered in the records of a corporation or the beneficial owner of 13 shares to the extent of the rights granted by a nominee certificate 14 on file with a corporation.
- 15 (35) "Shares" means the units into which the proprietary 16 interests in a corporation are divided.
- 17 (36) "Social purpose" includes any general social purpose and any specific social purpose.
- 19 (37) "Social purpose corporation" means a corporation that has 20 elected to be governed as a social purpose corporation under chapter 21 23B.25 RCW.
  - (38) "Specific social purpose" means the specific social purpose or purposes for which a social purpose corporation is organized as set forth in the articles of incorporation of the corporation in accordance with RCW 23B.25.040(2)(a).
  - (39) "State," when referring to a part of the United States, includes a state and commonwealth, and their agencies and governmental subdivisions, and a territory and insular possession, and their agencies and governmental subdivisions, of the United States.
- 31 (40) "Subscriber" means a person who subscribes for shares in a 32 corporation, whether before or after incorporation.
- 33 (41) "Subsidiary" means an entity in which the corporation has, 34 directly or indirectly, a controlling interest.
- 35 (42) "Tangible medium" means a writing, copy of a writing, or 36 facsimile, or a physical reproduction, each on paper or on other 37 tangible material.
- 38 (43) "United States" includes a district, authority, bureau, 39 commission, department, and any other agency of the United States.

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- (44) "Voting group" means all shares of one or more classes or series that under the articles of incorporation or this title are entitled to vote and be counted together collectively on a matter at a meeting of shareholders. All shares entitled by the articles of incorporation or this title to vote generally on the matter are for that purpose a single voting group.
- ((45) "Writing" does not include an electronic transmission.
- 8 (46) "Written" means embodied in a tangible medium.))

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- 9 **Sec. 36.** RCW 23B.09.040 and 2015 c 176 s 2121 are each amended 10 to read as follows:
  - (1) After a plan of entity conversion by a domestic corporation converting into an other entity has been adopted and approved as required by this chapter, articles of entity conversion must be ((signed)) executed on behalf of the domestic corporation by any officer or other duly authorized representative and must be delivered to the secretary of state for filing.
  - (2) After the conversion of an other entity into a domestic corporation has been adopted and approved as required by the organic law of the converting entity, articles of entity conversion must be ((signed)) executed on behalf of the converting entity by any officer or other duly authorized representative and must be delivered to the secretary of state for filing.
    - (3) The articles of entity conversion must set forth:
  - (a) A statement that the converting entity has been converted into the surviving entity;
    - (b) The name and form of the converting entity before conversion;
  - (c) The name and form of the surviving entity after conversion, which must be a name that satisfies the requirements of Article 3 of chapter 23.95 RCW if the surviving entity after conversion is a domestic corporation;
- 31 (d) Articles of incorporation that comply with RCW 23B.02.020 if 32 the surviving entity after conversion is a domestic corporation;
- 33 (e) The date the conversion is effective under the organic law of the surviving entity;
- 35 (f) If the converting entity is a domestic corporation, a 36 statement that the conversion was duly approved by the shareholders 37 of the domestic corporation pursuant to RCW 23B.09.030;

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(g) If the converting entity is an other entity, a statement that the conversion was duly approved as required by the organic law of the converting entity; and

- (h) If the surviving entity is a foreign other entity not authorized to transact business in this state: (i) A statement that the surviving entity consents to service of process pursuant to RCW 23.95.450 in a proceeding to enforce any obligation or the rights of dissenting shareholders of the domestic corporation; and (ii) the street and mailing address of the entity's principal office that may be used for service of process under RCW 23.95.450.
- (4) The articles of entity conversion take effect at the effective time provided in RCW 23.95.210. Articles of entity conversion under subsection (1) or (2) of this section may be combined with any required conversion filing under the organic law of the other entity if the combined filing satisfies the requirements of both this section and the organic law of the other entity.
- **Sec. 37.** RCW 23B.09.060 and 2015 c 176 s 2123 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Unless otherwise provided in a plan of entity conversion of a domestic corporation, after the plan of entity conversion has been adopted and approved as required by this chapter, and at any time before the articles of entity conversion have become effective, the planned conversion may be abandoned by the board of directors without action by the shareholders.
  - (2) If any entity conversion is abandoned after articles of entity conversion have been filed with the secretary of state but before the entity conversion has become effective, a statement that the entity conversion has been abandoned in accordance with this section, ((signed)) executed by an officer or other duly authorized representative, must be delivered to the secretary of state for filing prior to the effective date of the entity conversion and in accordance with RCW 23.95.215. Upon filing, the statement takes effect and the entity conversion is deemed abandoned and may not become effective.
- **Sec. 38.** RCW 23B.15.090 and 2015 c 176 s 2138 are each amended to read as follows:

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- The registered agent of a foreign corporation may resign as agent by ((signing)) executing and delivering to the secretary of state for filing a statement of resignation in accordance with RCW 23.95.445.
- 4 **Sec. 39.** RCW 23B.16.010 and 2015 c 176 s 2142 are each amended to read as follows:

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- (1) A corporation shall keep as permanent records minutes of all meetings of its shareholders and board of directors, a record of all corporate actions approved by the shareholders or board of directors by executed consent without a meeting, and a record of all corporate actions approved by a committee of the board of directors exercising the authority of the board of directors on behalf of the corporation.
  - (2) A corporation shall maintain appropriate accounting records.
- (3) A corporation or its agent shall maintain a record of its shareholders, in a form that permits preparation of a list of the names and addresses of all shareholders, in alphabetical order by class of shares showing the number and class of shares held by each.
- (4) ((A corporation shall maintain its records in written form or in another form capable of conversion into written form within a reasonable time.
- 20 <del>(5)</del>)) A corporation shall keep a copy of the following records at 21 its principal office:
- 22 (a) Its articles or restated articles of incorporation and all amendments to them currently in effect;
  - (b) Its bylaws or restated bylaws and all amendments to them currently in effect;
  - (c) The minutes of all shareholders' meetings, and records of all corporate actions approved by shareholders without a meeting, for the past three years;
- 29 (d) The financial statements described in RCW 23B.16.200(1), for 30 the past three years;
- 31 (e) All communications in the form of a record to shareholders 32 generally within the past three years;
- 33 (f) A list of the names and business addresses of its current 34 directors and officers; and
- 35 (g) Its initial report or most recent annual report delivered to 36 the secretary of state under RCW 23.95.255.
- 37 Sec. 40. RCW 23B.16.030 and 1989 c 165 s 184 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

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1 (1) A shareholder's agent or attorney has the same inspection and copying rights as the shareholder.

- (2) The right to copy records under RCW 23B.16.020 includes, if reasonable, the right to receive copies made by photographic, xerographic, or other means, including copies in electronic ((exother nonwritten)) form if the shareholder so requests.
- (3) The corporation may impose a reasonable charge, covering the costs of labor and material, for copies of any records provided to the shareholder. The charge may not exceed the estimated cost of production or reproduction of the records.
- (4) The corporation may comply with a shareholder's demand to inspect the record of shareholders under RCW 23B.16.020(2)(c) by providing the shareholder with a list of its shareholders that was compiled no earlier than the date of the shareholder's demand.
- **Sec. 41.** RCW 23B.16.200 and 2002 c 297 s 47 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
  - (1) Not later than four months after the close of each fiscal year, and in any event prior to the annual meeting of shareholders, each corporation shall prepare (a) a balance sheet showing in reasonable detail the financial condition of the corporation as of the close of its fiscal year, and (b) an income statement showing the results of its operation during its fiscal year. Such statements may be consolidated or combined statements of the corporation and one or more of its subsidiaries, as appropriate. If financial statements are prepared by the corporation for any purpose on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles, the annual statements must also be prepared, and disclose that they are prepared, on that basis. If financial statements are prepared only on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles, they must be prepared, and disclose that they are prepared, on the same basis as other reports and statements prepared by the corporation for the use of others.
  - (2) Upon request, the corporation shall promptly deliver to any shareholder a copy of the most recent balance sheet and income statement, which request shall be set forth either (a) in a ((written record)) tangible medium or (b) if the corporation has designated an address, location, or system to which the request may be electronically transmitted and the request is electronically transmitted to the corporation at the designated address, location, or system, in an electronically transmitted record. If prepared for

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other purposes, the corporation shall also furnish upon the request a statement of sources and applications of funds, and a statement of changes in shareholders' equity, for the most recent fiscal year.

- (3) If the annual financial statements are reported upon by a public accountant, the accountant's report must accompany them. If not, the statements must be accompanied by a statement of the president or the person responsible for the corporation's accounting records:
- (a) Stating the person's reasonable belief whether the statements were prepared on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles and, if not, describing the basis of preparation; and
- (b) Describing any respects in which the statements were not prepared on a basis of accounting consistent with the basis used for statements prepared for the preceding year.
- 15 (4) For purposes of this section, "shareholder" includes a 16 beneficial owner whose shares are held in a voting trust or by a 17 nominee on the beneficial owner's behalf.
- 18 Sec. 42. RCW 24.03.005 and 2015 c 176 s 3101 are each reenacted 19 and amended to read as follows:
- As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:
  - (1) "An officer of the corporation" means, in connection with the execution of records submitted for filing with the secretary of state, the president, a vice president, the secretary, or the treasurer of the corporation.
  - (2) "Articles of incorporation" and "articles" mean the original articles of incorporation and all amendments thereto, and includes articles of merger and restated articles.
  - (3) "Board of directors" means the group of persons vested with the management of the affairs of the corporation irrespective of the name by which such group is designated in the articles or bylaws.
  - (4) "Bylaws" means the code or codes of rules adopted for the regulation or management of the affairs of the corporation irrespective of the name or names by which such rules are designated.
  - (5) "Conforms to  $((\frac{1aw[,]}{1}))$   $\frac{1aw}{1}$ " as used in connection with duties of the secretary of state in reviewing records for filing under this chapter, means the secretary of state has determined that the record complies as to form with the applicable requirements of this chapter and Article 2 of chapter 23.95 RCW.

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(6) "Corporation" or "domestic corporation" means a corporation not for profit subject to the provisions of this chapter, except a foreign corporation.

- (7) "Deliver" means: (a) Mailing; (b) transmission by facsimile equipment, for purposes of delivering a demand, consent, notice, or waiver to the corporation or one of its officers, directors, or members; (c) electronic transmission, in accordance with the officer's, director's, or member's consent, for purposes of delivering a demand, consent, notice, or waiver to the corporation or one of its officers, directors, or members under RCW 24.03.009; and (d) as prescribed by the secretary of state for purposes of submitting a record for filing with the secretary of state.
- (8) "Effective date" means, in connection with a record filing made by the secretary of state, the date on which the filing becomes effective under RCW 23.95.210.
  - (9) "Electronic transmission" means an electronic communication (a) not directly involving the physical transfer of a record in a tangible medium and (b) that may be retained, retrieved, and reviewed by the sender and the recipient thereof, and that may be directly reproduced in a tangible medium by a sender and recipient.
- 21 (10) "Electronically transmitted" means the initiation of an 22 electronic transmission.
- 23 (11) "Execute," "executes," or "executed" means with present
  24 intent to authenticate or adopt a record:
  - (a) ((signed, with respect to a written record or)) To sign or adopt a tangible symbol;
  - (b) ((electronically transmitted along with sufficient information to determine the sender's identity, with respect to an electronic transmission,)) To attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or process; or
  - (c)  $\underline{F}$ iled in compliance with the standards for filing with the office of the secretary of state as prescribed by the secretary of state, with respect to a record to be filed with the secretary of state.
  - (12) "Executed by an officer of the corporation," or words of similar import, means that any record executed by such person shall be and is executed by that person under penalties of perjury and in an official and authorized capacity on behalf of the corporation or person making the record submission with the secretary of state and, for the purpose of records filed electronically with the secretary of

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- state, in compliance with the rules adopted by the secretary of state for electronic filing.
- 3 (13) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation not for profit organized under laws other than the laws of this state.
- 5 (14) "Insolvent" means inability of a corporation to pay debts as 6 they become due in the usual course of its affairs.
- 7 (15) "Member" means an individual or entity having membership 8 rights in a corporation in accordance with the provisions of its 9 articles of incorporation or bylaws.
- 10 (16) "Not for profit corporation" or "nonprofit corporation" 11 means a corporation no part of the income of which is distributable 12 to its members, directors or officers.
- 13 (17) "Public benefit not for profit corporation" or "public benefit nonprofit corporation" means a corporation no part of the income of which is distributable to its members, directors, or officers and that holds a current tax exempt status as provided under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) or is specifically exempted from the requirement to apply for its tax exempt status under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3).
- 20 (18) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible
  21 medium or ((contained in an electronic transmission)) that is stored
  22 in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable
  23 form.
- 24 (19) "Registered office" means the address of the corporation's registered agent.
- 26 (20) "Tangible medium" means a writing, copy of a writing, 27 facsimile, or a physical reproduction, each on paper or on other 28 tangible material.
- 29 ((<del>(21) "Writing" does not include an electronic transmission.</del>
- 30 (22) "Written" means embodied in a tangible medium.))
- 31 **Sec. 43.** RCW 25.10.011 and 2015 c 176 s 6101 are each amended to read as follows:
- The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 35 (1) "Certificate of limited partnership" means the certificate 36 required by RCW 25.10.201, including the certificate as amended or 37 restated.

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- 1 (2) "Contribution," except in the term "right of contribution,"
  2 means any benefit provided by a person to a limited partnership in
  3 order to become a partner or in the person's capacity as a partner.
  - (3) "Debtor in bankruptcy" means a person that is the subject of:
  - (a) An order for relief under Title 11 of the United States Code or a comparable order under a successor statute of general application; or
- 8 (b) A comparable order under federal, state, or foreign law 9 governing insolvency.
  - (4) "Designated office" means the principal office indicated in the limited partnership's most recent annual report, or, if the principal office is not located within this state, the office of the limited partnership's registered agent.
  - (5) "Distribution" means a transfer of money or other property from a limited partnership to a partner in the partner's capacity as a partner or to a transferee on account of a transferable interest owned by the transferee.
  - (6) "Foreign limited liability limited partnership" means a foreign limited partnership whose general partners have limited liability for the obligations of the foreign limited partnership under a provision similar to RCW 25.10.401(3).
  - (7) "Foreign limited partnership" means a partnership formed under the laws of a jurisdiction other than this state and required by those laws to have one or more general partners and one or more limited partners. "Foreign limited partnership" includes a foreign limited liability limited partnership.
    - (8) "General partner" means:

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- (a) With respect to a limited partnership, a person that:
- 29 (i) Becomes a general partner under RCW 25.10.371; or
- (ii) Was a general partner in a limited partnership when the limited partnership became subject to this chapter under RCW 25.10.911 (1) or (2); and
- 33 (b) With respect to a foreign limited partnership, a person that 34 has rights, powers, and obligations similar to those of a general 35 partner in a limited partnership.
  - (9) "Limited liability limited partnership," except in the term "foreign limited liability limited partnership," means a limited partnership whose certificate of limited partnership states that the limited partnership is a limited liability limited partnership.
    - (10) "Limited partner" means:

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1 (a) With respect to a limited partnership, a person that:

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- (i) Becomes a limited partner under RCW 25.10.301; or
- 3 (ii) Was a limited partner in a limited partnership when the 4 limited partnership became subject to this chapter under RCW 5 25.10.911 (1) or (2); and
- 6 (b) With respect to a foreign limited partnership, a person that
  7 has rights, powers, and obligations similar to those of a limited
  8 partner in a limited partnership.
  - (11) "Limited partnership," except in the terms "foreign limited partnership" and "foreign limited liability limited partnership," means an entity, having one or more general partners and one or more limited partners, that is formed under this chapter by two or more persons or becomes subject to this chapter under article 11 of this chapter or RCW 25.10.911 (1) or (2). "Limited partnership" includes a limited liability limited partnership.
    - (12) "Partner" means a limited partner or general partner.
  - (13) "Partnership agreement" means the partners' agreement, whether oral, implied, in a record, or in any combination, concerning the limited partnership. "Partnership agreement" includes the agreement as amended.
    - (14) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, government; governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality; public corporation, or any other legal or commercial entity.
- 26 (15) "Person dissociated as a general partner" means a person 27 dissociated as a general partner of a limited partnership.
  - (16) "Principal office" means the office where the principal executive office of a limited partnership or foreign limited partnership is located, whether or not the office is located in this state.
- 32 (17) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible 33 medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is 34 retrievable in perceivable form.
- 35 (18) "Required information" means the information that a limited 36 partnership is required to maintain under RCW 25.10.091.
- 37 (19) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:
- 39 (a) To ((sign with respect to a written record)) execute or adopt 40 a tangible symbol;

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(b) To ((electronically transmit along with sufficient information to determine the sender's identity with respect to an electronic transmission)) attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or process; or

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- 5 (c) With respect to a record to be filed with the secretary of 6 state, to comply with the standard for filing with the office of the 7 secretary of state as prescribed by the secretary of state.
  - (20) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
- 12 (21) "Tangible medium" means a writing, copy of a writing,
  13 facsimile, or a physical reproduction, each on paper or on other
  14 tangible material.
- 15 <u>(22)</u> "Transfer" includes an assignment, conveyance, deed, bill of 16 sale, lease, mortgage, security interest, encumbrance, gift, and 17 transfer by operation of law.
- 18  $((\frac{(22)}{)})$  (23) "Transferable interest" means a partner's right to receive distributions.
- $((\frac{(23)}{(23)}))$  <u>(24)</u> "Transferee" means a person to which all or part of a transferable interest has been transferred, whether or not the transferor is a partner.
- 23 **Sec. 44.** RCW 25.15.006 and 2015 c 188 s 1 are each amended to 24 read as follows:
- The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
  - (1) "Agreed value" means the value of the contributions made by a member to the limited liability company. Such value shall equal the amount agreed upon in a limited liability company agreement or, if no value is agreed upon, the value shall be determined based on the records of the limited liability company.
- 32 (2) "Certificate of formation" means the certificate of formation 33 required by RCW 25.15.071 and such certificate as amended or 34 restated.
- 35 (3) "Distribution" means a transfer of money or other property 36 from a limited liability company to a member in the member's capacity 37 as a member or to a transferee on account of a transferable interest 38 owned by the transferee.

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- (4) "Execute," "executes," or "executed" means((, with respect to a record, either (a) signed with respect to a written record or (b) electronically transmitted along with sufficient information to determine the sender's identity with respect to an electronic transmission)) with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:
  - (a) To sign or adopt a tangible symbol; or

- (b) To attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or process.
- (5) "Foreign limited liability company" means an unincorporated entity formed under the law of a jurisdiction other than this state and denominated by that law as a limited liability company.
- (6) "Limited liability company" or "domestic limited liability company" means a limited liability company having one or more members or transferees that is formed under this chapter.
- (7) "Limited liability company agreement" means the agreement, including the agreement as amended or restated, whether oral, implied, in a record, or in any combination, of the member or members of a limited liability company concerning the affairs of the limited liability company and the conduct of its business.
- (8) "Manager" means a person, or a board, committee, or other group of persons, named as a manager of a limited liability company in, or designated as a manager of a limited liability company pursuant to, a limited liability company agreement.
- (9) "Manager-managed" means, with respect to a limited liability company, that the limited liability company agreement vests management of the limited liability company in one or more managers.
- (10) "Member" means a person who has been admitted to a limited liability company as a member as provided in RCW 25.15.116 and who has not been dissociated from the limited liability company.
- 30 (11) "Member-managed" means, with respect to a limited liability 31 company, that the limited liability company is not manager-managed.
  - (12) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, government, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality or any other legal or commercial entity.
- 37 (13) "Principal office" means the office, in or out of this 38 state, so designated in the annual report, where the principal 39 executive offices of a domestic or foreign limited liability company 40 are located.

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- 1 (14) "Professional limited liability company" means a limited 2 liability company that is formed in accordance with RCW 25.15.046 for 3 the purpose of rendering professional service.
- 4 (15) "Professional service" means the same as defined under RCW 5 18.100.030.
- 6 (16) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible 7 medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is 8 retrievable in perceivable form.
- 9 (17) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of 10 Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any 11 territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the 12 United States.
- 13 (18) "Tangible medium" means a writing, copy of a writing,
  14 facsimile, or a physical reproduction, each on paper or on other
  15 tangible material.
- 16 <u>(19)</u> "Transfer" includes an assignment, conveyance, deed, bill of sale, lease, gift, and transfer by operation of law, except as otherwise provided in RCW 25.15.251(6).
- 19 ((<del>(19)</del>)) <u>(20)</u> "Transferable interest" means a member's or 20 transferee's right to receive distributions of the limited liability 21 company's assets.
- $((\frac{(20)}{(20)}))$  <u>(21)</u> "Transferee" means a person to which all or part of a transferable interest has been transferred, whether or not the transferor is a member.
- 25 **Sec. 45.** RCW 26.52.030 and 1999 c 184 s 5 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

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(1) A person entitled to protection who has a valid foreign protection order may file that order by presenting a certified, authenticated, or exemplified copy of the foreign protection order to a clerk of the court of a Washington court in which the person entitled to protection resides or to a clerk of the court of a Washington court where the person entitled to protection believes enforcement may be necessary. Any out-of-state department, agency, or court responsible for maintaining protection order records, may by facsimile or electronic transmission send a reproduction of the foreign protection order to the clerk of the court of Washington as long as it contains a facsimile or ((digital)) electronic signature by any person authorized to make such transmission.

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- (2) Filing of a foreign protection order with a court and entry of the foreign protection order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants are not prerequisites for enforcement of the foreign protection order.
- (3) The court shall accept the filing of a foreign protection order without a fee or cost.
- (4) The clerk of the court shall provide information to a person entitled to protection of the availability of domestic violence, sexual abuse, and other services to victims in the community where the court is located and in the state.
- (5) The clerk of the court shall assist the person entitled to protection in completing an information form that must include, but need not be limited to, the following:
- 15 (a) The name of the person entitled to protection and any other 16 protected parties;
- 17 (b) The name and address of the person who is subject to the 18 restraint provisions of the foreign protection order;
  - (c) The date the foreign protection order was entered;
- 20 (d) The date the foreign protection order expires;

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- 21 (e) The relief granted under . . . . . . . . (specify the 22 relief awarded and citations thereto, and designate which of the 23 violations are arrestable offenses);
  - (f) The judicial district and contact information for court administration for the court in which the foreign protection order was entered;
  - (g) The social security number, date of birth, and description of the person subject to the restraint provisions of the foreign protection order;
- 30 (h) Whether the person who is subject to the restraint provisions 31 of the foreign protection order is believed to be armed and 32 dangerous;
  - (i) Whether the person who is subject to the restraint provisions of the foreign protection order was served with the order, and if so, the method used to serve the order;
- 36 (j) The type and location of any other legal proceedings between 37 the person who is subject to the restraint provisions and the person 38 entitled to protection.
- An inability to answer any of the above questions does not preclude the filing or enforcement of a foreign protection order.

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- 1 (6) The clerk of the court shall provide the person entitled to 2 protection with a copy bearing proof of filing with the court.
- 3 (7) Any assistance provided by the clerk under this section does 4 not constitute the practice of law. The clerk is not liable for any 5 incomplete or incorrect information that he or she is provided.
- 6 **Sec. 46.** RCW 41.05.014 and 2009 c 201 s 2 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

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- (1) The ((administrator)) director may require applications, enrollment forms, and eligibility certification documents for benefits that are administered by the authority under this chapter and ((chapters)) chapter 70.47 ((and 70.47A)) RCW to be signed by the person submitting them. The ((administrator)) director may accept electronic signatures.
- (2) For the purpose of this section, "electronic signature" means
  ((a signature in electronic form attached to or logically associated
  with an electronic record including, but not limited to, a digital
  signature)) an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or
  logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a
  person with the intent to sign the record.
- 20 **Sec. 47.** RCW 58.09.050 and 2019 c 132 s 6 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
- The records of survey to be filed under authority of this chapter shall be processed as follows:
  - (1) (a) The record of survey filed under RCW 58.09.040(1) shall be an original map, eighteen by twenty-four inches, that is legibly drawn in black ink on mylar and is suitable for producing legible prints through scanning, microfilming, or other standard copying procedures.
- 29 (b) The following are allowable formats for the original that may 30 be used in lieu of the format set forth under (a) of this subsection:
  - (i) Photo mylar with original signatures;
- (ii) Any standard material as long as the format is compatible with the auditor's recording process and records storage system. This format is only allowed in those counties that are excepted from permanently storing the original document as required in RCW 58.09.110(5);
- 37 (iii) An electronic version of the original if the county has the 38 capability to accept ((a digital signature issued by a certification

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authority under)) electronic signatures which meet the standards provided by the rules adopted by the Washington state board of registration for professional engineers and land surveyors, and can import electronic files into an imaging system. The electronic version shall be a standard raster file format acceptable to the county.

A two inch margin on the left edge and a one-half inch margin on other edges of the map shall be provided. The auditor shall reject for recording any maps not suitable for producing legible prints through scanning, microfilming, or other standard copying procedures.

- (2) Information required by RCW 58.09.040(2) shall be filed on a standard form eight and one-half inches by fourteen inches as designed and prescribed by the department of natural resources. The auditor shall reject for recording any records of corner information not suitable for producing legible prints through scanning, microfilming, or other standard copying procedures. An electronic version of the standard form may be filed if the county has the capability to accept ((a digital signature issued by a certification authority under)) electronic signatures which meet the standards provided by the rules adopted by the Washington state board of registration for professional engineers and land surveyors, and can import electronic files into an imaging system. The electronic version shall be a standard raster file format acceptable to the county.
- (3) Two legible prints of each record of survey as required under the provisions of this chapter shall be furnished to the county auditor in the county in which the survey is to be recorded. The auditor, in those counties using imaging systems, may require only the original, and fewer prints, as needed, to meet the requirements of their duties. If any of the prints submitted are not suitable for scanning or microfilming the auditor shall not record the original.
- 32 (4) Legibility requirements are set forth in the recorder's 33 checklist under RCW 58.09.110.
- **Sec. 48.** RCW 58.09.110 and 2019 c 132 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

The auditor shall accept for recording those records of survey and records of corner information that are in compliance with the recorder's checklist as jointly developed by a committee consisting of the survey advisory board and two representatives from the

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Washington state association of county auditors. This checklist shall be adopted in rules by the department of natural resources.

- (1) The auditor shall keep proper indexes of such record of survey by the name of owner and by quarter-quarter section, township, and range, with reference to other legal subdivisions.
- (2) The auditor shall keep proper indexes of the record of corner information by section, township, and range.
- (3) After entering the recording data on the record of survey and all prints received from the surveyor, the auditor shall send one of the surveyor's prints to the department of natural resources in Olympia, Washington, for incorporation into the statewide survey records repository. However, the county and the department of natural resources may mutually agree to process the original or an electronic version of the original in lieu of the surveyor's print.
- (4) After entering the recording data on the record of corner information the auditor shall send a legible copy, suitable for scanning, to the department of natural resources in Olympia, Washington. However, the county and the department of natural resources may mutually agree to process the original or an electronic version of the original in lieu of the copy.
- (5) The auditor shall permanently keep the original document filed using storage and handling processes that do not cause excessive deterioration of the document. A county may be excepted from the requirement to permanently store the original document if it has a document scanning, filming, or other process that creates a permanent, archival record that meets or surpasses the standards as adopted in rule by the division of archives and records management in chapter 434-663 or 434-677 WAC. The auditor must be able to provide full-size copies upon request. The auditor shall maintain a copy or image of the original for public reference.
- (6) If the county has the capability to accept ((a digital signature issued by a certification authority under)) electronic signatures which meet the standards provided by the rules adopted by the Washington state board of registration for professional engineers and land surveyors, and can import electronic files into an imaging system, the auditor may accept for recording electronic versions of the documents required by this chapter. The electronic version shall be a standard raster file format acceptable to the county.
- 39 (7) This section does not supersede other existing recording 40 statutes.

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**Sec. 49.** RCW 69.41.041 and 2016 c 148 s 7 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

- (1) A pharmacy may dispense legend drugs to the resident of a long-term care facility or hospice program on the basis of a written or ((digitally)) electronically signed prescription or chart order sent via facsimile copy by the prescriber to the long-term care facility or hospice program, and communicated or transmitted to the pharmacy pursuant to RCW 18.64.550.
- 9 (2) For the purpose of this section, the terms "long-term care 10 facility," "hospice program," and "chart order" have the meanings provided in RCW 18.64.011.
- **Sec. 50.** RCW 69.41.055 and 2019 c 314 s 13 are each amended to 13 read as follows:
  - (1) Information concerning an original prescription or information concerning a prescription refill for a legend drug may be electronically communicated between an authorized practitioner and a pharmacy of the patient's choice with no intervening person having access to the prescription drug order pursuant to the provisions of this chapter if the electronically communicated prescription information complies with the following:
  - (a) Electronically communicated prescription information must comply with all applicable statutes and rules regarding the form, content, recordkeeping, and processing of a prescription or order for a legend drug;
  - (b) An explicit opportunity for practitioners must be made to indicate their preference on whether or not a therapeutically equivalent generic drug or interchangeable biological product may be substituted. This section does not limit the ability of practitioners and pharmacists to permit substitution by default under a priorconsent authorization;
  - (c) Prescription drug orders are confidential health information, and may be released only to the patient or the patient's authorized representative, the prescriber or other authorized practitioner then caring for the patient, or other persons specifically authorized by law to receive such information;
  - (d) To maintain confidentiality of prescription records, the electronic system shall have adequate security and systems safeguards designed to prevent and detect unauthorized access, modification, or manipulation of these records; and

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(e) The pharmacist shall exercise professional judgment regarding the accuracy, validity, and authenticity of the prescription drug order received by way of electronic transmission, consistent with federal and state laws and rules and guidelines of the commission.

- (2) The electronic ((or digital)) signature of the prescribing practitioner's agent on behalf of the prescribing practitioner for a resident in a long-term care facility or hospice program, pursuant to a valid order and authorization under RCW 18.64.550, constitutes a valid electronic communication of prescription information. Such an authorized signature and transmission by an agent in a long-term care facility or hospice program does not constitute an intervening person having access to the prescription drug order.
- 13 (3) The commission may adopt rules implementing this section.
- **Sec. 51.** RCW 74.08.055 and 2009 c 201 s 1 are each amended to 15 read as follows:
  - (1) Each applicant for or recipient of public assistance shall complete and sign a physical application or, if available, electronic application for assistance which shall contain or be verified by a written declaration that it is signed under the penalties of perjury. The department may make electronic applications available. The secretary, by rule and regulation, may require that any other forms filled out by applicants or recipients of public assistance shall contain or be verified by a written declaration that it is made under the penalties of perjury and such declaration shall be in lieu of any oath otherwise required, and each applicant shall be so informed at the time of the signing. The application and signature verification shall be in accordance with federal requirements for that program.
  - (2) Any applicant for or recipient of public assistance who willfully makes and signs any application, statement, other paper, or electronic record which contains or is verified by a written declaration that it is made under the penalties of perjury and which he or she does not believe to be true and correct as to every material matter is guilty of a class B felony punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW.
    - (3) As used in this section:
  - (a) "Electronic record" means a record <u>created</u>, generated, <u>sent</u>, communicated, received, or stored by electronic means ((<del>for use in an information system or for transmission from one information system to another</del>)).

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- (b) (("Electronic signature" means a signature in electronic form attached to or logically associated with an electronic record including, but not limited to, a digital signature. An electronic signature is a paperless way to sign a document using an electronic sound, symbol, or process, attached to or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record.
- 8 (e)) "Sign" includes signing by physical signature, if 9 available, or electronic signature. An application must contain a 10 signature in either physical or, if available, electronic form.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 52. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
- 13 (1) RCW 19.360.010 (Intent) and 2015 c 72 s 1;

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- 14 (2) RCW 19.360.020 (State and local agencies—Electronic signatures and records—Use and acceptance) and 2016 c 95 s 2 & 2015 c 72 s 2;
- 17 (3) RCW 19.360.030 (Definition—"Electronic signature"—Use of term) and 2016 c 95 s 3 & 2015 c 72 s 3;
- 19 (4) RCW 19.360.040 (Definition—"Record"—Use of term) and 2016 c 20 95 s 4 & 2015 c 72 s 4;
- 21 (5) RCW 19.360.050 (Definition—"Electronic"—Use of term) and 22 2016 c 95 s 5 & 2015 c 72 s 5;
- 23 (6) RCW 19.360.060 (Definitions—"State agency" and "local agency") and 2016 c 95 s 6 & 2015 c 72 s 6;
  - (7) RCW 19.400.010 (Intent) and 2019 c 153 s 1;
- 26 (8) RCW 19.400.020 (Definitions) and 2019 c 153 s 2; and
- 27 (9) RCW 19.400.030 (Electronic records—Legal status) and 2019 c 28 153 s 3.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 53. Sections 1 through 20 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 1 RCW.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 54. Section 25 of this act expires July 1, 32 2021.
- 33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 55.** SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid,

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- 1 the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
- 2 persons or circumstances is not affected.

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